Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Implementation Plan Development



Gwynns Island, Milford Haven and Piankatank Watersheds Mathews, Middlesex and Gloucester Counties

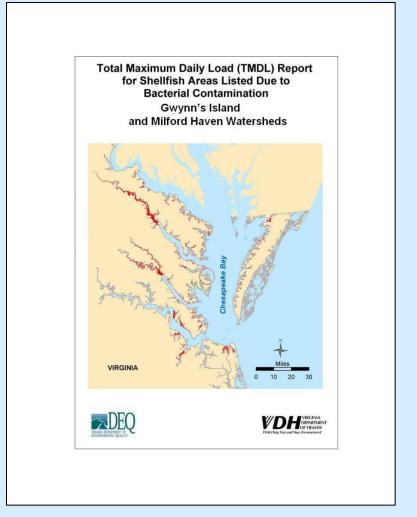
May Louise Sligh

VA Dept. of Conservation and Recreation May 23, 2012



The TMDL Process: 3 Steps

- TMDL study (DEQ)
- TMDL
 implementation
 plan (DCR/DEQ)
- Implement plan(DCR & partners)





Streams with TMDLs and included in this IP

- Queens Creek
- Stutts Creek
- Morris Creek
- Billups Creek
- Edwards Creek
- Piankatank River (upper)
- Harper Creek
- Wilton Creek
- Healy Creek
- CobbsCreek



What is a TMDL Implementation Plan?

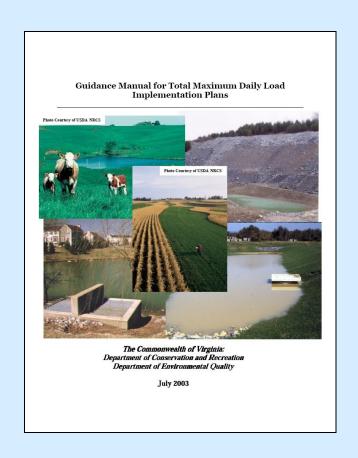
- TMDL study tells us what we need to do, TMDL implementation plan tells us how
- Outlines actions that can be taken to meet TMDL allocations
- Serves as a **guide** for implementation efforts





Why Implementation Plans?

- Implementation Plan development is required by state legislation (WQMIRA)
- Supported by federal, state and local organizations
- Procedures outlined in DCR & DEQ
 Implementation Plan
 Guidance Document





What goes into an implementation plan?

- Identify Improvement projects
- Actions to improve water quality: BMPs, etc
- Costs and Benefits
- Project timeline
 - Implementation goals
 - Implementation milestones
- Roles and responsibilities of stakeholders
- Potential funding opportunities
- Public Participation



Integration with other Watershed Plans

- Need to account for and acknowledge other planning activities within the watershed
- Coordinate with other water quality plans:
 - Watershed plans/roundtables
 - Local Comprehensive Plans
 - Green InfrastructurePlanning
 - Water Supply Plans





Implementation Plan Development

- Implementation Plan will be done **locally**
- Stakeholders will have the opportunity to participate in the plan development
 - Public meetings
 - Working groups
 - Steering committee





Roles Citizens Can Play During Implementation Plan Development



- Provide additional detail on watershed
- Review/suggest implementation strategies
- Identify potential implementation impediments
- Identify local funding sources/partnerships
- Assist with implementation projects



Public Participation

- Agricultural
- Residential/Recreational
- Governmental

Working Groups

Steering Committee

- WG representative
- Key agencies
- Watershed citizens

- Residents
- Landowners
- Business owners

Public Meeting



Steering Committee

- Responsibility: Guide the IP development process
 - Assess input from working groups
 - Address community concerns/suggestions as funneled through the WG's
 - How can process be improved?

• Membership:

DCR, DEQ, NRCS, VDH, local governments, SWCD, Working group representatives

 Meet during IP development process



Working Groups

- Responsibilities:
 - Provide
 "representative,
 interest based"
 input
 - Review technical/data analysis from Resource Team



- Interests that may coalesce to form a Working Group
 - Agriculture
 - Residential/Urban
 - Recreation
 - Government
 - Watermen
 - Marinas
 - Others?
- Level of Activity
 - Meet at least 2 times during IP development process



Working Group Responsibilities and Tasks

- Inform Resource Team about perceived pollutant sources
- Enlighten Resource Team about on-going/needed pollution control activities
- Review possible implementation strategies from an interest-based perspective
- Discuss alternative funding sources/partnerships
- Identify outreach methods for engaging peers in implementing pollution control measures
- Identify constraints to implementing pollution control measures



Public Meetings

- Provide forum for public comment
- First meeting
 - Offer overview of TMDL program
 - Kick-off implementation plan process
 - Solicit participation in working groups and steering committee
- Final meeting
 - Present draft TMDL
 Implementation Plan





Residential

Control Measure	Delivery Pathway to Stream	
	Direct	Runoff
On-site Sewage Disposal Systems		
Septic Tank Pump-outs		$\sqrt{}$
Hook-up to Sanitary Sewer	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Septic System Repair		$\sqrt{}$
New Conventional Septic System	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
New Alternative On-site Sewage Disposal System	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Pet Waste Management		
Pet Waste Education Program		$\sqrt{}$
Pet Waste Enzyme Digesting Composters		$\sqrt{}$
Confined Canine Unit Waste Treatment System	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
Stormwater Runoff Best Management Practices		
Vegetated Buffers		$\sqrt{}$
Rain Gardens		$\sqrt{}$
Infiltration Trenches		$\sqrt{}$



On-site Sewage Disposal Systems



Septic System



Septic System Repair





Septic System Replacement





Alternative On-site Sewage Disposal System

Composters & Stormwater BMPs



Pet Waste Composters



Vegetated Buffer (No Mow Zone)



Rain Garden



Infiltration Trenches

Agricultural

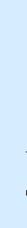
Control Measure	Delivery Pathway to Stream	
	Direct	Runoff
Livestock Exclusion and Pasture	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
Livestock Exclusion System with 35' buffer	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
Livestock Exclusion System with 10' setback	\checkmark	V
Small Acreage Grazing System with 35 ft setback	\checkmark	V
Stream Protection with 35' buffer	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
Improved Pasture Management		$\sqrt{}$
<u>Cropland</u>		
Permanent Vegetative Cover on Cropland		V
Reforestation of Erodible Crop & Pastureland		V
Manure/biosolids Incorporation into Soil		\checkmark



Livestock Exclusion and Pasture



Exclusion Fencing



Watering Trough



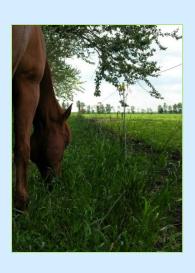
Riparian Buffer



Hardened Crossing



Cross-fencing



Horse Pasture Management

Control Measure Quantification

- Spatial analysis (e.g., GIS)
- DCR Agricultural BMP Database
- SWCD, VDH, & DEQ records
- TMDL development document
- Input from Working Groups and Steering Committee





Implementation Costs

- Control Measure Cost
 - Number of units multiplied by unit cost

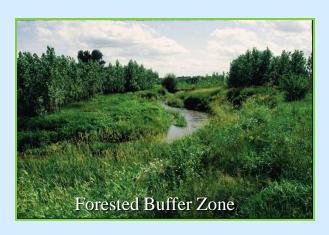
- Technical Assistance (TA) Cost
 - Full time equivalents multiplied by unit cost
- Total Cost = Control Measure Cost + TA Cost



Measurable Goals & Milestones

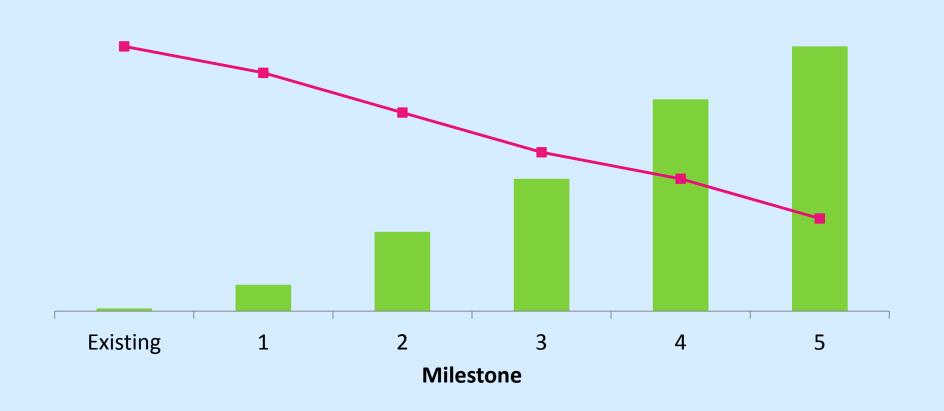
- Establish milestones
 - Implementation
 - Water quality
- Evaluate progress
 - Develop tracking & monitoring plans
 - Revisit implementation plan to modify strategies, as needed.





Evaluate Progress - Example







Funding for Implementation Projects

- Water Quality Improvement Fund
- •VA Agricultural Best Management Cost Share and Tax Credits
- Community Development Block Grant
- •Wetland Reserve Program
- •Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- Community Foundation
- •Grants through Planning District Commissions
- •Non-profits, such as Friends groups



Project Timeline

• Informational Mtg. with Resource **Team** • Steering Committee Meeting Watershed surveys April Sept. • First Public Meeting (Hartfield) • Final Public Meeting • BWG and RRWG Meetings • Draft Implementation Plan May Nov. • End of comment period • BWG, RRWG, and GWG Meetings • Final Implementation Plan August Dec.



One last point to remember

TMDL's and IP's are a mechanism for restoring water quality and are an **opportunity** for diverse groups of people to come together to improve watershed health





Contact Information



(Public comment period ends June 23, 2012)

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